



# DEVIZES BOROUGH COUNCIL

## ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

and of the

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

for the year



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## DEVIZES BOROUGH COUNCIL

(As at 31st December 1972)

## THE MAYOR

Alderman John Robert Lascelles Drake

## THE DEPUTY MAYOR

Alderman Joseph Atwell Goulding Peare

## HEALTH AND HOUSING COMMITTEE

The Mayor Alderman J.R.L. Drake
Chairman Councillor D.J. Godwin
Vice-Chairman Alderman A.P.J. Duck

Alderman Mrs. Payne

Alderman Wilson

Councillor Mrs. Budd

Councillor Porter

Councillor Kirby

Councillor Skittrall

Councillor Dight

Councillor Sims



## PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

## Staff as at 31st December 1972

## Acting Medical Officer of Health

F.D.F. STEEDE, M.B., M.F.C.M., D.P.H.

## Chief Public Health Inspector

K. WILDEY, M.A.P.H.I., C.R.S.I., C.G.L.I. (San. Eng)

## Additional Public Health Inspector

R. NETHERCOTT from 27th March 1972.

## Technical Assistant

D.A.J. DARK until 30th September 1972.

## Rodent Operative

W.J. HARRISON

## Clerical Staff

MRS. E.E. NOAKES

MISS L.M. DUNNADGE



Public Health Department,
Northgate House,
Devizes,
Wiltshire.

## To The Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Borough of Devizes.

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Medical Officer of Health's Annual Report for the year 1972, which will be less comprehensive than usual since I was appointed on an acting basis in December 1972, following Dr. P.C. Barry's resignation in November. This report is likely to be the last by the Medical Officer of Health since the post will disappear when reorganisation comes into effect on the 1st April 1974.

It may be of interest to know that it will be just over 100 years from the date when it became obligatory under the 1872 Public Health Act for every Urban and Rural Sanitary Authority to appoint a Medical Officer of Health. Although not mandatory, many of the larger towns had already appointed a Medical Officer of Health under the earlier Public Health Act of 1848 and Liverpool City, the first in the field, appointed Dr. Duncan as their Medical Officer of Health in 1847.

The earliest Annual Reports which have been retained in this Department are those written by Dr. G.H.H. Waylen, the first of which is that of 1934. Not surprisingly although the health of the town, as revealed by the quoted vital statistics, appears to have been remarkably good, the report for 1934 is much concerned with the prevalence of communicable disease. Scarlet fever, diphtheria, puerperal fever and pneumonia were all comparatively common. One death out of four notified cases of scarlet fever was not an unusual experience at that time, since sulphonamides were not introduced until a year or so later, and antibiotics did not appear on the scene until the later war years, heralded by penicillin. Vaccination, of course, has now all but eliminated diphtheria and poliomyelitis and could well do the same for measles. No case of typhoid or paratyphoid was notified in this report which in any case were becoming increasingly uncommon as a result, not of any vaccination procedure, but due to the fact that public health engineering was providing a safe mains water supply, together with an increasing number of comprehensive main drainage schemes, for the satisfactory disposal of sewage. There is no denying that Local Government has done a good job in this field over the years, in spite of recurrent stringent financial constraints. Many of us know from personal experience, the difficulties there have been in the not too distant past, in obtaining Central Government Loan Sanction, for what we considered essential services of this type. Nowadays new cases of typhoid and paratyphoid are rare. Last year in the country as a whole there were only 204 cases notified. Of the cases which do occur at the present time in any usual year, half are imported, mainly from the Continent of Europe by travellers.

The general health of the town remains satisfactory. There has been a steady and consistent yearly increase since the War to its present mid-year population figure of 10,150. Again returning to the reports the figure for 1934 was only 6,722.

The adjusted death rate of 9.4 was significantly lower than the national average and marginally lower than the remainder of Wiltshire. The birth rate was higher than the national average. Of the one hundred and forty-three deaths, one hundred and six were over the age of 65. Deaths from cancer of the lung, coronary heart disease and chest conditions such as pneumonia and bronchitis, accounted for forty-two deaths.

I believe that it is well knowngenerally that for practical purposes lung cancer is caused by cigarette smoking. The incidence of coronary heart disease is much higher in smokers and chronic bronchitis if not caused by the habit, is severely adversely affected by it once acquired. I never cease to be surprised at the hold the cigarette has on people who continue to smcke knowing that their health is likely to be irreparably damaged and their expectation of life reduced.

Housing circumstances are reasonably good, though we can never be satisfied until every growing family and old person have accommodation to suit their needs. Clearly we have not reached that situation yet for the number on the waiting-list for general needs is 483 of which 224 are applicants from within the Borough. There are approximately 39 applicants for sheltered accommodation. This low figure of 39 in my experience is only the tip of the iceberg since it is uncommon for an old person to place their name on the list until their circumstances are such that their need is urgent. The more realistic method of calculating their need is by reference to the population structure. Under present conditions I cannot see any danger of over-building in respect of sheltered housing for the aged; much more of this type of accommodation is clearly needed.

This has been yet another exacting year for local authority staff and I am very pleased that the members of the members of the Public Health Department, all credit to them, have managed to maintain their high standard of performance, often in very difficult circumstances.

In recent times I have stressed the need to retain a similar relationship between the Medical Adviser to the new District Council to be made available from the National Health Service as exists at present between the Medical Officer of Health and the Chief Public Health Inspector. This is particularly important in the area for the control of communicable disease; no longer a killer but still a considerable nuisance. The speed of modern travel can result in a situation arising which needs prompt action while the figures for food poisoning and dysentery remain at a comparatively high level generally.

Since I was appointed in 1964 Marlborough Borough has lost three Public Health Inspectors, generally because they felt their future in the profession was uncertain. I believe that the future of environmental health depends very much on ensuring adequate recruitment to the profession, both as to numbers and quality which in turn depends on a satisfactory career expectation. Since Public Health Inspectors, unlike Engineers, Surveyors and Financial Officers, virtually do not exist outside the local authority field, the responsibility for this is a matter for local government.

/I regret ....



I regret that unlike the Chief Inspector of Weights and Measures, the appointment of Chief Public Health Inspector is no longer to be a statutory one. I am also sorry that Public Health Inspectors are to lose their security of tenure. A most recent factor which will, I believe, adversely affect both public health and the Public Health Inspectorate is the almost certain loss of responsibility for the control of meat inspection and possibly too "meat-based products" to the veterinary profession, in order to comply and harmonise with E.E.C. procedures. This I regard as a retrograde step, involving fragmentation of responsibility for food hygiene at local authority level on which I have made a special report to all my Councils.

Finally, I should specifically like to thank Mr. K. Wildey and his staff for the support they have given me since I was appointed; nothing has been too much trouble and I appreciate it very much indeed. My thanks are also extended to Dr. F. Wormald and his staff at Salisbury Public Health Laboratory and to Mr. F. Farrage, Engineer of the North Wilts Water Board for his service regarding water samples.

I have the honour to be Your obedient Servant,

F.D.F. STEEDE,

Acting Medical Officer of Health



## GENERAL STATISTICS

Area in Acres	1,420
Population (Registrar General's Estimate)	10,150
Number of Habitable Dwellings at 1.4.73.	3,294
Rateable Value at 1.4.73.	£1,151,429
Estimated Product of 1p rate at 1.4.73.	£10,630

<u>VITAL STATISTICS</u>
Birth and Death Rates per 1,000 Population \*Standardised.

	Birth	Rate	Death	Rate
	1971 1972		1971	1972
Devizes Borough	17.2	20.1	10.0	9.4
England and Wales	16.0	14.8	11.6	12.1
Wiltshire	17.4	16.4	11.6	10.9

Comparability figures are supplied to each District by the Registrar General.

These take into account the varying age-sex distribution of the population in different parts of the country. When applied to the local rates they allow a more accurate comparison to be made between different areas.

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# Vital Statistics (Contd.)

## MOTHERS AND INFANTS

	1972	1971	1970
Live Births			
Number	200	172	175
Rate per 1,000 population	20.1	17.2	17.0
Illegitimate Live Births (Per Cent of Total Live Births)	5	6	5
Stillbirths			
Number	-	4	3
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births	-	23	17
Total Live and Still Births	200	176	178
Deaths of Infants (under one year)	5	2	6
Infant Mortality Rate			
Deaths under 1 year per 1,000 live births	25	12	34
Deaths of legitimate infants under l year per l,000 legitimate live births	26	12	36
Deaths of illegitimate infants under 1 year per 1,000 illegitimate live births	_	•	-
Neonatal mortality rate			
Deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 live births	20	12	11
Early neonatal mortality rate			
Deaths under 1 week per 1,000 total live birth	s 20	12	11
Perinatal mortality rate			
Stillbirths and deaths under 1 week combined, per 1,000 total live and still births	20	34	28



## CAUSES OF DEATH DURING 1972

The figures given below are taken from the Registrar General's Annual Report:-

	Male	Female	Total
Malignant neoplasm, buccal cavity etc.	1	0	1
Malignant neoplasm, oesophagus	0	2	2
Malignant neoplasm, stomach	0	1	1
Malignant neoplasm, intestine	1	2	3
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	5	2	7
Malignant neoplasm, breast	0	3	3
Other malignant neoplasms	2	4	6
Diabetes Mellitus	0	1	1
Other endocrine diseases	0	1	1
Chronic rheumatic heart disease	1	1	2
Hypertensive disease	0	2	2
Ischaemic heart disease	29	16	45
Other forms of heart disease	2	2	4
Cerebrovascular disease	6	10	16
Other diseases of circulatory system	4	0	4
Pneumonia	5	7	12
Bronchitis and Emphysema	4	2	6
Other diseases of respiratory system	0	2	2
Diseases of musculo-skeletal system	1	1	2
Birth injury, difficult labour, etc.	1	1	2
Other causes of perinatal mortality	2	0	2
Symptoms and ill defined conditions	1	10	11
Motor vehicle accidents	5	0	5
All other accidents	0	1	1
Suicide and self-inflicted injuries	0	1	1
All other external causes	0	1	1
	70	73	143

## COMMUNICABLE DISEASE

Table A below gives details of cases notified by general practitioners during the past six years and Table B gives details of the age incidence of cases notified in 1972.

TABLE A								
Disease	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972		
Measles	92	10	68	163	13	163		
Whooping Cough	6	-	-		1	-		
Scarlet Fever	11	8	3	8	4	9		
Tuberculosis	1	1	1	2	-	-		
Food Poisoning	2	-	-	_	_	-		
Erysipelas	2	1	-	_	-	_		
Dysentery	-	1	_	5	-	-		
Infective Jaundice	-	-	1	1		_		
Meningococcal Infection		-	-	-	-	1		

TABLE B							
Disease		Age Groups					All
	0-4	5-14	15-44	45-64	65 <b>-</b> 74	known	Ages
Scarlet Fever	2	7	-	-	-	-	9
Measles	14	143	2	-	-	4	163
Meningococcal Infection	ļl	-	-	-	-	-	1

## FOOD POISONING

No cases of food poisoning have been notified during the year.

# IMMUNISATIONS & SMALLPOX VACCINATION STATISTICS, 1972 DISTRICT - DEVIZES BOROUGH

For providing the figures for immunisations and vaccinations carried out in the district during the year, my thanks are due to the County Medical Officer of Health, Dr. C.D.L. Lycett.

		Children born in years					1963	1957	OTHERS
		1972	1971	1970	1969	1968	<b>-</b> 67	<del>-</del> 62	under 16
Primary imms.	Diph.	67	103	5	2	1	4	-	-
completed during 1972	Wh. cough	67	102	5	2	1	-	-	-
duling 1972	Tetanus	67	103	5	2	1	5	2	1
	Measles	-	90	25	6	1	8		440
	Polio.	67	103	5	2	3	2		
Reinforcing	Diph.	-	36	89	10	23	111	1	
imms. given in 1972	Wh. cough	-	24	69	6	1	12	1	-
	Tetanus	_	37	89	10	23	113	38	
	Polio	-	35	79	9	24	106	1	

SMALLPOXX	Months				Years		
Age group	0 - 3	3 - 6	6 <b>-</b> 9	9 - 12	1	2 - 4	5 to 15
Vaccinations	-	-		-	4	7	4
Re - vaccinations	_	-	-	-	-	1	28

X N.B. Vaccination discontinued as a routine measure in early childhood September 1971.

## WATER SUPPLY

Throughout the year there were no complaints about water shortage and all samples of water as taken both by the North Wilts Water Board and the Public Health Inspector gave satisfactory results on tests for purity.

Number of samples taken by -

North Wilts Water Board 52
Public Health Inspector 3

Number of dwellinghouses supplied by -

Public water mains 3,291 Standpipes 3

Number of population supplied by -

Public Water mains 10,147
Standpipes 3

The fluoride content of water supplied from Bourton and Shepherds Shore to the Borough is less than 0.1

#### SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL

During the year the Devizes Borough and Rural District Councils embarked upon a joint scheme for the sewage works at Potterne to be reconstructed and enlarged to deal with the outfall from the whole of the Borough, Roundway Hospital and the Village of Potterne. The first phase of the proposed scheme is at tender stage and planned for completion by 1975. This will enable Roundway Hospital sewage works to be abolished. The second phase is planned for completion by 1980 when the Devizes Borough sewage works will become redundant.



#### SERVICES UNDER THE FOOD AND DRUGS ACT 1955

## (a) Milk Supplies

At the end of the year there were eleven retailers operating from two dairies and nine shops licensed to deal in pasteurised, ultra-heat treated and sterilised milk.

39 samples were submitted for statutory testing of which two failed.

There are no dealers licensed to sell raw milk in the Borough.

## (b) Ice Cream

Five samples of unwrapped ice-cream were submitted for bacteriological examination. Two of these did not reach the required standard and checks were made in methods of handling re: hygiene and sterilisation of equipment. Follow-up samples taken and tested produced satisfactory results.

## (c) Food Hygiene (General) Regulations 1970

The number of food premises subject to these Regulations are grouped in the following categories:-

	No. of Premises
Dairies	2
Fish Shops (Wet)	2
Fish Shops (Fried)	5
Restaurants, cafes etc.	15
Hospitals, Institutions	4
School canteens	8
Factory and Works canteens	10
Licensed Premises	25
Mobile Vans	4
Sweet Shops	5
Bread and Confectionery	6
Market Stalls	21
Public Buildings	2
Guest Houses	1
Hotels	10
Grocers	14
Butchers	5
Greengrocers	5
Multiple Stores	2
Supermarkets	3
Clubs etc.	10
	350
	159

## (d) Poultry Inspection

There are no poultry processing premises in the Borough.



## UNSOUND FOOD

The following foods were surrendered by traders as being unfit for human consumption: -

#### Raw Meats

90lbs. Pork (School) 6 Chickens 42 lbs. 21bs. 3oz. Collar Bacon

#### Canned Food

1 x 6lb. Tin Pork

1 x 41b. Pressed Ham

1 x 41b. Chopped Pork

61b. tin 0x Tongue

13 tins Fish

10 tins Minced Beef

8 tins Irish Stew

3 tins Ham

60 tins Fruit

## Frozen Food due to break down of refrigerator

18 pkts. Chips

4 lbs. 2 oz. Pork

14 pkts. Potato Fritters

14 Faggot Dinners

8 pkts. Faggots

36 Meat Pies

3 pkts. Sausage Rolls

104 pkts. Vegetables 36 pkts. Beefburgers

31 Servings Roast Beef

18 Servings Chicken

15 Servings Pork

7 Beef Dinners

43 pkts. Pastry

36 pkts. Rissoles

2 Cream Sponges

22 pkts. Sausage Meat

1 lb. Strawberries

12 pkts. Steaklets

109 pkts. Fish

4 cartons of Orange Juice

374 pkts. Ice-Cream

50 Desserts

#### Fats

 $9\frac{1}{2}$  lb. Butter

 $11\frac{1}{2}$  lb. Cooking Fat

4½ lb. Margarine

41 lb. Soft Margarine

 $2\frac{1}{2}$  lb. Beef Dripping



#### DEVIZES BOROUGH COUNCIL

## REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR FOR THE YEAR 1972

Northgate House, Devizes, Wiltshire.

Telephone No.: Devizes 2024.

## To The Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of Devizes Borough Council -

On the 1st April 1974 Devizes Borough Council will be absorbed into the Kennet District Council and my post of Chief Public Health Inspector will be transferred into the new organisation. For this reason it will be possible for me to retire five months earlier i.e. on the 31st March 1974 just short of twenty-five years' service, so that this my twenty-fourth contribution to the Medical Officer's Annual Report is likely to be my last.

Housing conditions in particular have changed insofar as some unfit houses have been cleared from sites such as Sheep Street, New Park Street, The Nursery, Church Walk and Rotherstone. It would have given me much pleasure had I been able to include the Hare and Hounds Street Redevelopment and Monday Market Street areas amongst these but, unfortunately, although I strongly recommended that the areas should be dealt with as soon as practicable, the red tape surrounding the schemes seems to have baulked any finality. Also the Council's task in this direction was made difficult by the fact that certain properties have now been listed as being of architectural and historical interest. However, my knowledge of the areas leaves me in no doubt that the most satisfactory way of dealing with the majority of the properties is by clearance.

Two hundred and twenty-nine dwellings have been eliminated by Clearance Orders and approximately two hundred and seventy-five individual unfit houses have been demolished or closed over the past two decades. Generally speaking the latter have not usually been replaced by new dwellings due principally to the location and size of the site. Over the past ten years new housing sites at Broadleas, Drakes Estate, Mayenne Place, Victoria Road and Nursteed have been developed, either by private enterprise or the Council.

Since 1949 the Council have been able to assist owners with grants to modernise, repair and extend the life of their property by the provision of modern amenities. The housing survey was completed this year and detailed information is included on pages 16, 17 and 18 which give an indication of the number of houses lacking modern amenities and in need of repair. The report of the survey of Long Street, Bridewell Street and Morris Lane proposed General Improvement Area was also finished and presented to the Council for their consideration; the relative data is shown on pages 19 and 20. Improvements to some of the properties are progressing gradually although it has not as yet been declared officially a General Improvement Area. Page 18 shows the number of properties improved with grant aid.

Many	small		



Many small food traders have been squeezed out of business by the big stores and, as a result, problems have altered in character and volume. With the small trader they were principally cleanliness of the premises, storage and handling of the food but with the larger stores who suffer more frequent changes of staff and consequently routine, a closer watch has to be kept on stock rotation, date coding, refrigeration temperatures, dented cans, the keeping apart of cooked and uncooked foods and handling care.

Also, problems have arisen in respect of the emission of noise from badly sited refrigeration, heating and ventilation machinery in the larger stores, as well as noise nuisance from factories to residents in their locality. On the whole management have been most co-operative in remedying noise nuisance as soon as practicable, usually at considerable cost. Pollution of the atmosphere by fumes and fly ash from the incineration of trade refuse gave rise to many complaints, until arrangements were made for the proper storage by bulk containers. These in turn however, have also given cause to problems, due to lack of space and handling of the vast amount of refuse that the stores disgorge daily. Similarly it is possible that these nuisances would not arise in the case of factories if preventive measures were taken into consideration at the planning stage.

Over the years the number of public houses in the Borough has now been reduced to twenty-four. The Brewers have built two new public houses and modernised several more. I receive the utmost co-operation from them whenever any work is required such as the provision of facilities for hand-washing for customers, and improving conditions of food rooms etc. Generally almost every publican now provides snacks or meals, which mean that more frequent visits have to be made to these premises than in earlier days. A high standard of hygiene is maintained by the publicans and it justifies the confidence that the local Magistrates have when consideration is given to the renewal of their licences.

It is envisaged that in the Kennet District Council matters relating to food hygiene will be considerably more complex in view of the fact that agency agreements are to be offered in the composition and labelling of food. I should like to take this opportunity of wishing the new Council every success in this new venture and one hopes that through reorganisation an even higher standard of hygiene practice can be attained.

I feel I must also refer to the progress that has been made by the In fact, when I first took up my appointment in 1949 the Health Department establishment consisted of myself and a part-time Medical Officer of Health. It now consists of a Junior Clerk, Secretary, Rodent Operative Additional Public Health Inspector, Chief Public Health Inspector and Medical Officer of Health. The post of Technical Assistant set up in 1965 was terminated when the Additional Public Health Inspector was appointed in March Mr. D.A.J. Dark, Technical Assistant at that time, was transferred to the Surveyor's Department. I should, however, like to record my appreciation of his conscientious assistance over a period of approximately six years. My thanks are also due to all the members of staff for their co-operation and in particular to the Secretary, Mrs. E. Noakes, who has served me and the Devizes Borough Council most loyally, conscientiously and diligently over the past twelve years. I am much indebted to Drs. P.C. Barry and F.D.F. Steede, Mr. J. Diver, Mr. R.E. Paget and Mr. N. Gaterfor. their advice and co-operation at all times. May I also acknowledge the kind consideration shown to me by the Health and Housing Committee over the years in my efforts to carry out my duties in accordance with Regulations in the public interest.

'K. WILDEY.

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## SLUM CLEARANCE - REPAIR OF HOUSES

## Report on Survey Completed

Devizes Borough has no slums. Approximately 95 houses have been classified as unfit. Most of these are in the Hare and Hounds Street Redevelopment and Monday Market Street Areas and the remainder are individual properties closed under Section 16 of the 1957 Housing Act.

At least 473 houses are regarded as capable of being fully modernised. About 125 of these are only marginally below the 12 point standard of which a good proportion would not rank for a grant on account of the minimum £100 limit.

The survey reveals there are only a few dwellings in need of extensive repairs, mainly those which have been or are likely to be listed as being of architectural or historical interest. There are approximately 995 houses which were built before 1914 and 2351 houses subsequently.

Nearly 100 unfit houses have already received the Council's attention and it can be reckoned that these properties may be cleared by 1975/76.

With regard to the rate of modernisation of substandard houses, this depends largely upon the interest and co-operation of the owners of such properties and their tenants and is thus difficult to determine, although there is a growing tendency for newly-weds to become owner/occupiers of old properties and for them to quickly improve and repair with grant aid. High property values and rising building costs also stimulate owners to accelerate the improvement of old properties too. It was discovered that many of the properties lacking all or some amenities were occupied by old persons who do not wish to be disturbed by works of improvement even with grant aid.

Over the past twelve years seventeen private dwellings on average have been improved annually with the aid of standard or discretionary grants. In addition 228 Council houses have been modernised during the last eleven years. Approximately 70 privately-owned dwellings have been improved without grant aid.

The question of practical constraints applies to a few small terraced type houses where physical difficulties for internal and environment improvement arise, owing to lack of space and bad siting.

Details of the Survey are as follows :-

#### HOUSING SURVEY

For the purposes of these statistics houses in the following areas have not been included:-

(a) Hare and Hounds Street redevelopment area

(b) General Improvement area ( these are given separately )

(c) Monday Market Street

(d) Council houses

(e) Houses built to a modern standard

Total number of houses inspected .... 462

(287 or 62.12% of these were owner/occupied)

The degree of disrepair -

£O	-	£50		89 houses
£50	-	£100		39 "
£100	-	£150	0 4 0 0 0	19 "
£150	-	£200		8 "
£200+				31 "

- Total number of houses having all amenities and no disrepair 331
- E. Total number of houses having all amenities and some disrepair 44 (+2 to be 0f these, 22 are owner-occupied and the degree of disrepair -

```
£0 - £50 .... 7 houses
£50 - £100 .... 21 "
£100 - £150 .... 5 "
£150 - £200 .... 3 "
£200+
```

Total estimated disrepair cost = £6,496 or £147.6 average cost per house.

(This estimated repair cost is somewhat high due to the inclusion of cost of stripping and underfelting roofs, works which are grant aidable. If the cost of these works were omitted then a more realistic figure of £85 - £90 would be obtained for each house)

- Owner/occupied = 16 (approx. 8 listed buildings)
  Tenanted = 10 (approx. 2 listed buildings)
- D. Total number of houses lacking amenities and in disrepair = 55 (+4 to be 0wner/occupied = 19 (approx. 19 listed buildings)
  Tenanted = 36 (approx. 8 listed buildings)

Total estimated disrepair cost = £15,038 or £273.42 per house.

Contd. .....



## Housing Survey (contd.)

#### Generally

Following the survey until the end of the year houses from B,C, or D category came within the stages mentioned below :-

#### Modernised with Grant &id - Works completed -

Discretionary 44 houses Standard 112 houses

Works in progress not complete -

Discretionary 10 houses Standard 7 houses

Works in planning stage -

Discretionary & Standard

Total number of houses improved since the introduction of the Act in 1949 is 217 i.e. 131 standard and 86 discretionary grants. Of course other properties have been improved without grant aid either because owners did not wish to take advantage of the grant or did not wish to comply with the twelve point standard required by the Ministry in order to qualify for aid. In other cases where amenities were lacking owners have been encouraged to remedy this by obtaining a grant. It has been found that in the main the old and infirm are the most reluctant to apply for a grant because of the disturbance and inconvenience it would cause.

Total number of houses incapable of being improved up to a twelve point standard at reasonable cost is approximately four.

#### Age of Properties etc.

Total number of dwellings inclu	ding those	over
business premises		3346
Modern houses (post war)		1395
20th Century (pre-war)		91
19th Century		439
18th Century		197
17th Century	224944	14
16th Century		6

#### COMMON LODGING HOUSES

There are no Common Lodging Houses in the Borough.



# PROPOSED GENERAL IMPROVEMENT AREA Long Street(part), Bridewell Street (part) and Morris Lane Report on Survey Completed

This area is situated within a short easy walking distance of the town centre and is comprised of the Masonic Hall, British Red Cross Devizes Divisional Headquarters (meeting and lecture hall), Labour Party Committee Room, Dentist's Surgery, two private lock-up garages, Devizes Heating Company Store and 52 houses (61/62 dwelling units) which are reasonably sound structurally having regard to their age varying from 68 to 250 years or more.

Nineteen dwellings in Long Street and Bridewell Street abut and have their front outer door opening direct on to the public footpath - these houses have no rear access. Houses in Morris Lane have forecourts and rear access.

Area (including half width of stree Dwelling unit area including half width Houses Dwelling Units Density: dwelling units Habitable rooms in area Habitable rooms per acre		2.25 acre 2.106 acr 52 62 29.44 per 300 142.5	es
Houses per acre		25.1	
Persons per acre		50.8	
Owner-occupied dwellings Listed dwellings		75.43% 20 (likely	to bo
Disted dwellings			sed to 35)
Properties acquired by the Council		4	sea to jji
Dwelling units inspected		61	
Dwelling units with standard amenit	ies	39	
Dwellings requiring improvements		16 (action taken these	has been on 8 of regarding ements)
Dwellings requiring to be demolished	đ	7	
Dwellings requiring repairs		23	
Properties with no rear access		19	
Age of properties		68 (250 yr more)	s.old or
Car-owners in area		20	
Persons living in area		107 (44M 63	F)
	below 10 yrs.	13 ( 6M 7	F)
	above 65 yrs.	27 (10M 17)	F)

## Analysis of Ages

	The second second second second second								
Under	10 years	10 - 18	years	18 -	40 years	40 -	65 years	65+ y	years
M	F	M	F	М	F	М	F	М	F
6	7	4	5	20	19	4	15	10	17

Number of persons over age of 65 living alone - 11 (10F 1M)



### Occupants/Dwellings ratio:

- 8 adults occupy five one-bedroom houses
- 24 adults and two children occupy twenty-one two-bedroom houses
- 8 adults and one child occupy four three-bedroom houses
- 10 adults occupy seven four-bedroom houses
- 19 adults and seven children occupy six five-bedroom houses
  - 2 adults occupy one six-bedroom house
- 2 adults occupy one seven-bedroom house
- 2 adults occupy one two-bedroom maisonette
- 2 adults occupy one one-bedroom second floor flat
- 16 adults and four children occupy nine one-bedroom lettings.

### Accommodation:

Two storey - five one-bedroom, twenty-one two bedroom, two three-bedroom
Three storey - two three-bedroom, seven four-bedroom, seven five-bedroom
one six-bedroom, one seven-bedroom

One one-bedroom flat (second floor)

One two-bedroom maisonette (first and 2nd floors)

Nine one-bedroom flats in three-storey building (multiple occupation)

Five self-contained flats in a two-storey building (proposed)

## Occupation of Accommodation:

- 17 Three-storey houses in single occupation
- 25 Two-storey houses in single occupation (this figure includes seven houses scheduled for demolition)
- 3 Three-storey houses in multiple occupation
- 1 Maisonette over "Maslens' Archway" in single occupation
- 1 Flat on second floor over Dentist's premises single occupation service tenancy.
- 1 Three-storey property in single occupation
- 4 Two-storey properties unoccupied.
- 23 Dwellings have all standard amenities but need repairs of varying degrees, including roof repairs and underfelting. Estimated cost approximately £100 average.

Average estimated improvement cost of houses to be modernised .... £260 (This figure does not include for either The Grange or 19 Bridewell Street for which the cost would be much greater)

#### Progress Report

A meeting of Officers of the Council and the Department of Environment and the Chairman, Alderman Duck, was held at Northgate Houses on the 3rd May to consider my report on the survey of the proposed general improvement area and the Borough Surveyor's plan showing suggested environmental improvement layout.

As the proposed scheme of the general improvement area principally depends on the demolition of listed properties Nos. 6, 7, 8 and 9 Bridewell Street, to provide roadway access for environmental improvement to the hub of the properties, it was considered advisable prior to making a decision and formal application to consult the Department of Environment responsible for the preservation of listed buildings to ascertain if they would raise any objection to the demolition of these four houses. The outcome is awaited.



## IMPROVEMENT, STANDARD AND SPECIAL GRANTS

## Improvement Grants

Applications received during the year Applications approved during the year Approved expense of works Amount of grant approved Grants paid - number of dwellings	10 8 £18,272 £8,884 10
amount paid	£4,999
Standard Grants	
Applications received during the year	8
Applications approved during the year	8
Owner occupied 4 Other dwellings 4	
Total amount of grant approved	£695
Grants paid - number of dwellings	11
amount paid	£1,982
Amenities provided :-	
Fixed baths Wash-hand basins Sinks Hot & Cold water supplies - 3 points	9 9 6 5
2 points 1 point	5 5 0
Water Closets	10
Additional grant-aided work:	
Number of bathrooms added Number of piped water	2
supplies installed Number of septic tank or cesspool drainage	0

## Special Grants

No applications were received for special grants.

systems installed

0



## OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963.

Class of Premises	Number of Premises registered during the year	Registered Premises at	Number of Registered Premises receiving a general inspection during the year			
Offices	3	47	17			
Retail Shops	. 2	94	53			
Wholesale Shops, warehouses	0	0	0			
Catering Establishments open to the Public, Canteens etc.	1	15	13			
Fuel Storage Depots	0	3	0			
TOTALS	6	159	83			
Number of visits to all kinds (including General Inspections)						

# Analysis of Workplace of Persons employed in Registered Premises at End of Year

to Registered Premises ....

Class of Workplace	Number of Persons Employed
Offices	417
Retail Shops	525
Catering Establishments open to the Public	85
Wholesale departments, warehouses	17
Canteens	3
Fuel Storage Depots	0
LATOT	1047

Total: Males 396
Total: Females 651



#### RODENT CONTROL

The Devizes Borough Council continue to share on a half-time basis the services of the Rodent Operative with the Devizes Rural District Council.

656 manholes were test baited at six-monthly intervals during the year. These tests proved that the sewers were vermin-free.

Below is a table extracted from the Annual Report as supplied to the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food for the year under review.

	TYPE OF 1	PROPERTY
	Non- Agricultural	Agricultural
PROPERTIES OTHER THAN SEWERS  1. Number of properties in district	3228	9
2. (a) Total number of properties (including nearby premises) inspected following notification	195	2
(b) Number infested by	(2)	
(i) Rats (ii) Mice	67	1
3. Total number of properties inspected for rats and/or mice for reasons other than notification	1566	25
Number infested by  (i) Rats	39	0
(ii) Mice	5	0

Nuisances caused by pests received attention and related mainly to ants, red spiders, woodworm, wasps, flies and cockroaches in addition to rats and mice.



## COMPLAINTS

In the Table below are listed the various items which were the subject of complaint during the year:-

Noise Clean Air Pests Rodent Control Dirty Houses Odours Drains Sub-standard accommodation	48 9 35 41 5 11 19	House Repairs Dampness Flooded Cellar Defective sanitary accommodation Overcrowding Hygiene complaint Miscellaneous	6 5 6 5 4 3 5	
--	--------------------------------------	---	---------------------------------	--

## SUMMARY OF DUTIES

The following Table shows the number of inspections and visits performed in connection with the above-mentioned complaints and other matters requiring routine attention:-

Petroleum Acts	7 2 2 2			
Food premises Food inspections Food stalls/Mobile vans School Kitchens Condemmed foodstuffs School Kitchens Scomplains control School Complaints investigated Scomplaints investigated Sco				
Food inspections				_
Food stalls/Mobile vans School Kitchens Condemmed foodstuffs Jice-cream sampling Jairies Milk sampling Water sampling Housing Acts Housing Acts Housing Surveys Gualification Certificates Visits/Inspections Grant Works in progress Drains - choked or defective colour testing water testing water testing water in cellar (visits) Toffices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections Recivate Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections Recivate Results of tanks and suction lines Suction lines 8 Pests Act 19949 Rodent control Pest control Pest control Schotley Rodent contro	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			12
School Kitchens Condemmed foodstuffs Ice-cream sampling Dairies Milk sampling Water sampling Jenest control Works investigated Jenest control Works in Progress Jenest control Works in Prog				4
Condemmed foodstuffs Ice-cream sampling Dairies Milk sampling Water sampling  Water sampling  Water sampling  Water sampling  Water sampling  Jest Act 1949 Rodent control Pest control  Somplaints investigated  To Complaints investigated To Undersomer setc. With Builders/Reps./Owners on site Some site setc.  Works in Progress To Unformal notices issued  Informal notices issued Ice Wisits/Inspections Some site setc.  Works in Progress To Unformal notices issued Ice Wiscellaneous visits Informal notices issued Ice Wiscellaneous visits Ice Wisc		•		
Housing Acts Housing Surveys Housing Surveys Housing Surveys Housing Surveys Solutification Certificates Re-housing Re-ho	i e		suction lines	8
Housing Acts Housing Surveys Housing Surveys Housing Surveys Housing Surveys Solutification Certificates Re-housing Re-ho		9	Posts Ast 1919	
Housing Acts Housing Surveys Housing Surveys Housing Surveys Housing Surveys Solutification Certificates Re-housing Re-ho		7		761
Housing Acts Housing Surveys Housing Surveys Housing Surveys Housing Surveys Solutification Certificates Re-housing Re-ho		5		
Housing Acts Housing Surveys Improvement Grant visits Qualification Certificates Re-housing Thouses repaired Overcrowding General Improvement Area Visits/Inspections Grant Works in progress Drains - choked or defective colour testing mater testing water testing Works in progress Woise Abatement  Clean Air Caravan Sites  Zymotics  Toxic Waste Disposal  Sompte Healers  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections Revisits Works in progress		39	1000 00110101	02
Housing Surveys 179 Qualification Certificates 77 Re-housing 77 Re-housing 77 Houses repaired 77 General Improvement Area 79 Visits/Inspections 80 Grant Works in progress 41  Public Health Acts 79 Drains - choked or defective 79 Smoke testing 70 Works in Progress 87 Dirty Houses 87 Dirty Houses 87 Dirty Houses 87 Dirty Houses 87 Coffices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections 66 Revisits 70 Works in Progress 70 Examination of deposited plans 20 Works in Progress 70 Works in Progress 70 Informal notices issued 122 Miscellaneous visits 206 Smoke nuisances 8 Noise Abatement 91 Clean Air 24 Caravan Sites 12 Zymotics 8 Toxic Waste Disposal 2 Scrap-metal Dealers 5  Scrap-metal Dealers 5 Works in progress 8 Works in progress 8	Water sampling	3	Complaints investigated	75
Housing Surveys Improvement Grant visits Qualification Certificates Re-housing Re-housin	PROCESSOR AND ADDRESS OF THE PROCESS		Interviews, meetings etc. with	
Improvement Grant visits 179 Qualification Certificates 7 Re-housing 7 Houses repaired 3 Overcrowding 3 General Improvement Area Visits/Inspections 80 Grant Works in progress 41  Public Health Acts Drains - choked or defective colour testing works in progress 87 Dirty Houses 92 Water in cellar (visits) 13 Refuse 9  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections 80 Revisits 7 Works in Progress 70 Works in Progress 97 Informal notices issued 122 Miscellaneous visits 206 Smoke nuisances 8 Noise Abatement 91 Clean Air 24 Caravan Sites 12 Zymotics 8 Toxic Waste Disposal 2 Scrap-metal Dealers 5  Water in cellar (visits) 66 Revisits 7 Works in progress 8		_		80
Re-housing 7 Houses repaired 3 Overcrowding 3 General Improvement Area Visits/Inspections 80 Grant Works in progress 41  Public Health Acts Drains - choked or defective colour testing smoke testing water testing works in progress 87 Dirty Houses 9 Dirty Houses 9 Water in cellar (visits) 13 Refuse 0  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections 66 Revisits 7 Works in Progress 70 Informal notices issued 122 Miscellaneous visits 206 Smoke nuisances 8 Noise Abatement 91 Clean Air 24 Caravan Sites 12 Zymotics 8 Toxic Waste Disposal 2 Scrap-metal Dealers 5  Scrap-metal Dealers 5 Works in progress 8 Works in progress 8				20
Houses repaired Overcrowding General Improvement Area Visits/Inspections Grant Works in progress Drains - choked or defective colour testing smoke testing water testing Unity Houses Water in cellar (visits) Refuse  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections Revisits  Tinformal notices issued Informal notices issued Inf		(	* -	
General Improvement Area Visits/Inspections Grant Works in progress  Public Health Acts Drains - choked or defective colour testing smoke testing water testing works in progress  Pirty Houses Water in cellar (visits) Refuse  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections Revisits  Miscellaneous visits Smoke nuisances  Noise Abatement 91 Clean Air Caravan Sites 12 Zymotics Toxic Waste Disposal 2 Scrap-metal Dealers 5  Scrap-metal Dealers 7 Works in progress 8	1	7	Works in Progress	70
General Improvement Area Visits/Inspections Grant Works in progress  Public Health Acts Drains - choked or defective colour testing smoke testing water testing works in progress  Pirty Houses Water in cellar (visits) Refuse  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections Revisits  Miscellaneous visits Smoke nuisances  Noise Abatement 91 Clean Air Caravan Sites 12 Zymotics Toxic Waste Disposal 2 Scrap-metal Dealers 5  Scrap-metal Dealers 7 Works in progress 8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<i>)</i> 3	Informal notices issued	122
Grant Works in progress 41 Smoke nuisances 8  Public Health Acts Drains - choked or defective 35 colour testing 36 smoke testing 16 water testing 12 works in progress 87  Dirty Houses 12 Scrap-metal Dealers 5  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections 66 Revisits 7 Works in progress 8	General Improvement Area		Miscellaneous visits	206
Public Health Acts Drains - choked or defective colour testing smoke testing learned sources in progress learned sources in progress learned sources learned s			Cmalso mi sonos	0
Drains - choked or defective colour testing smoke testing learn sites learn si	Grant Works in progress	41		
colour testing 36 smoke testing 16 water testing 12 works in progress 87 Dirty Houses 12 Water in cellar (visits) 13 Refuse 4  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections 66 Revisits 7 Works in progress 8  Caravan Sites 12  Zymotics 8  Toxic Waste Disposal 2  Scrap-metal Dealers 5  Works in progress 66  Revisits 7 Works in progress 8			Noise Abatement	91
smoke testing water testing works in progress Dirty Houses Water in cellar (visits) Refuse  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections Revisits Works in progress  12 Zymotics 8 Toxic Waste Disposal 2 Scrap-metal Dealers 5  66 Revisits 7 Works in progress 8			Clean Air	24
water testing 12 Zymotics 8 works in progress 87 Dirty Houses 12 Toxic Waste Disposal 2 Water in cellar (visits) 13 Scrap-metal Dealers 5 Refuse 4  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections 66 Revisits 7 Works in progress 8			Caravan Sites	12
works in progress 87 Dirty Houses 12 Water in cellar (visits) 13 Refuse 4  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections 66 Revisits 7 Works in progress 8			Zymotics	8
Water in cellar (visits) Refuse  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections Revisits Works in progress  Scrap-metal Dealers  66 7 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80		87		
Refuse 4  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections 66 Revisits 7 Works in progress 8	Dirty Houses	12	Toxic Waste Disposal	2
Refuse 4  Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 General inspections 66 Revisits 7 Works in progress 8		13	Scrap-metal Dealers	5
Premises Act 1963 General inspections 66 Revisits 7 Works in progress 8	Refuse	4		
Premises Act 1963 General inspections 66 Revisits 7 Works in progress 8	Offices, Shops and Railway			
Revisits 7 Works in progress 8	Premises Act 1963			
Works in progress 8				
		7		
Investigation of Accidents 3	,			
	Investigation of Accidents	3		



## APPENDIX

## ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH IN RESPECT OF THE YEAR 1972 FOR THE BOROUGH OF DEVIZES IN THE COUNTY OF WILTSHIRE

## Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of the Factories Act 1961

## PART 1 OF THE ACT

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors)

		Number	J	Number of	
	Premises	on	Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
	(1)	Register (2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(i)	Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	1	proje		
(ii)	Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	45	14	6	
(iii)	Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	5	-		-
	TOTAL	51	14	6	



## 2. Cases in which DEFECTS were found

Particulars			Refer	rred	Number of cases in which prosec-	
		Remedied		by H.M. Inspector	utions were	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
Want of Cleanliness (S.1)	0	0	0	0	0	
Overcrowding (S.2)	0	0	0	0	0	
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	0	0	0	0	0	
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	0	0	0	0	0	
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	0	0	0	0	0	
Sanitary Convenience (S.7)						
(a) Insufficient (b) Unsuitable or defective	0 6	0	0	0	0	
(c) Not seperate for sexes	0	0	0	0	0	
Other offences against the Act (not including offences re-						
lating to Outwork)	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	6	6	0	0	0	

## PART VIII OF THE ACT

## Outwork (Sections 133 and 134)

Nature of Work	Outworkers in August list	cases of default in sending lists to the	No. of prosectutions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwhole—some premises	Notices Served	Prosecutions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
) Making Wearing ) etc., Cleaning Apparel ) and ) Washing	1	0	0	0	0	0



